

# ME-160 Mechanical Engineering Drawing

#### **Isometric Views**

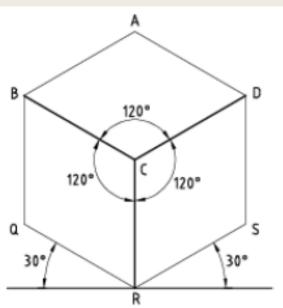
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### What is Isometric View?

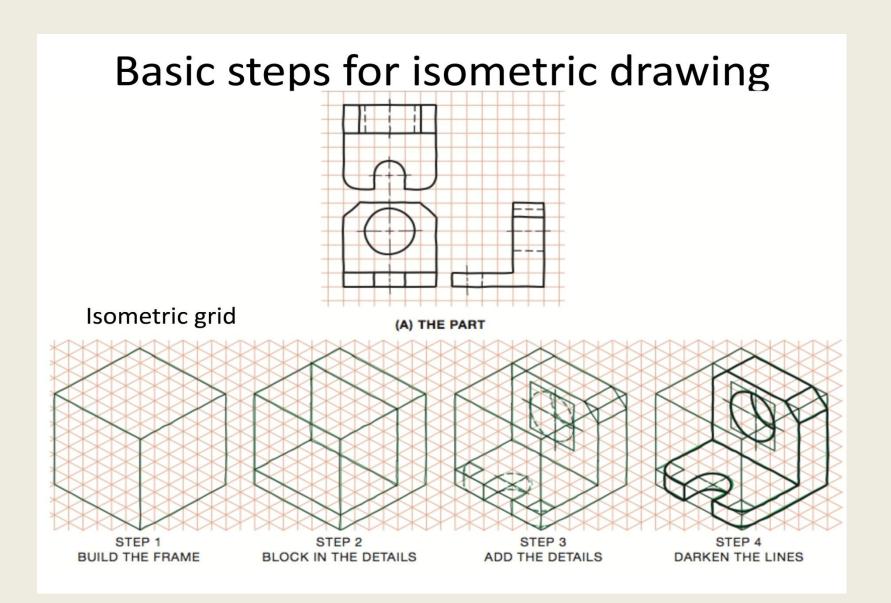
 Isometric view or projection shows all three dimensions of an object which are useful to visualize an object.

There are 3 isometric axes with an angle of 120° between them.

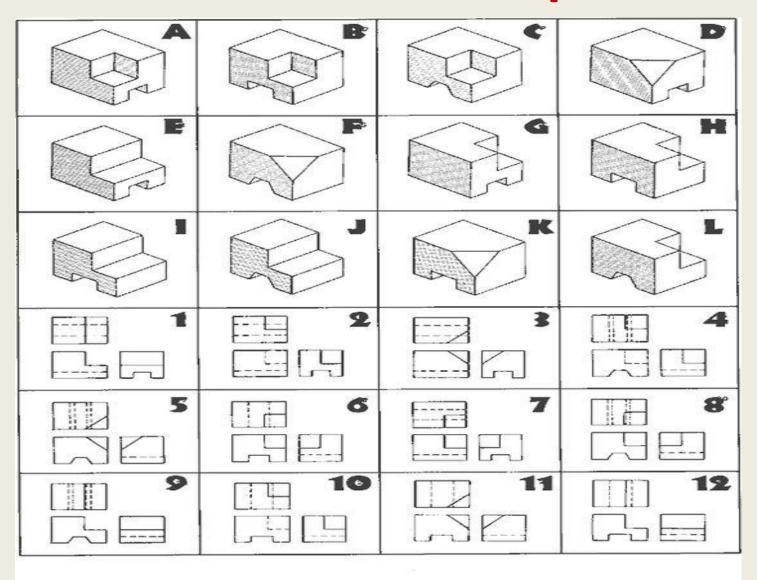
- Any line drawn parallel to an isometric axis is called isometric line.
- To draw isometric view true dimensions are used.



### **Isometric View: Example**

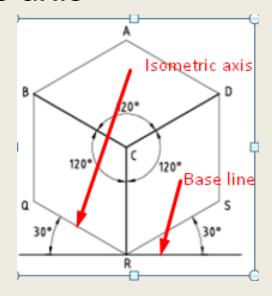


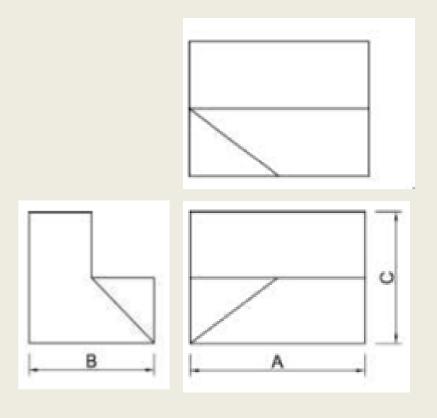
## Match the correct pair!

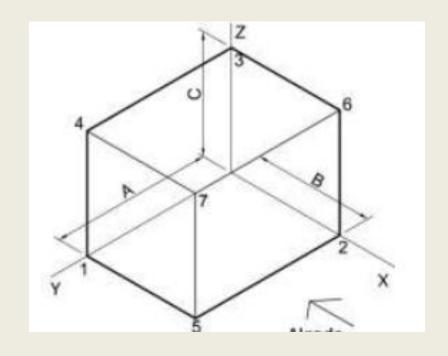


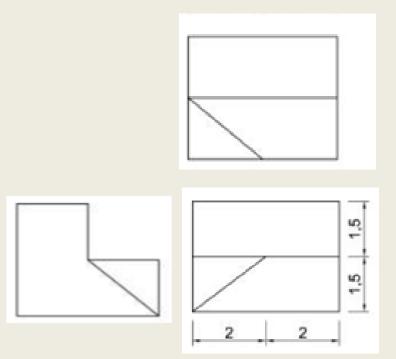
#### **How to draw:**

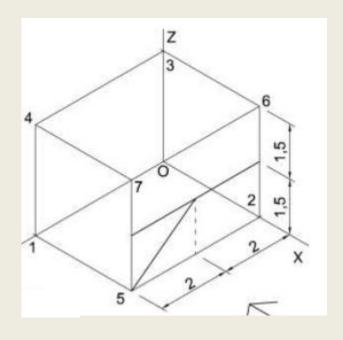
- **Box Method:** A rectangular or square box of suitable size is used to enclose the object in such a way that some of the corners or edges touch the box sides.
- Draw a line 30º with the base line which is called isometric axis

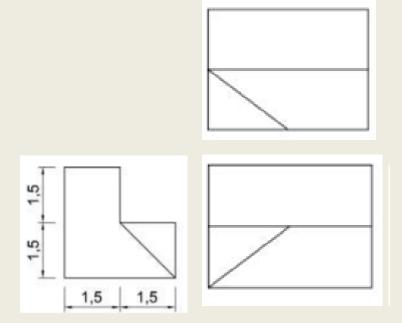


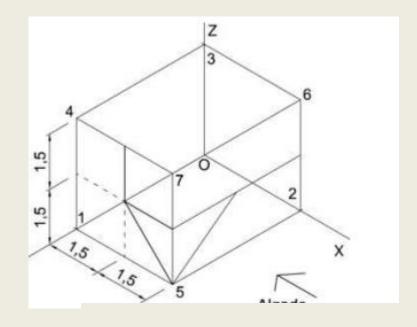


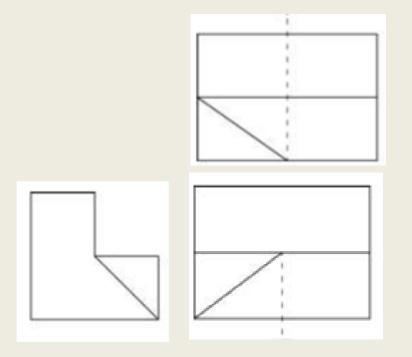


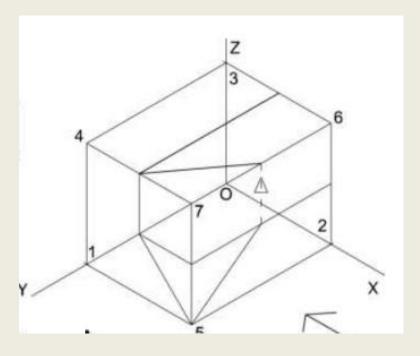












### Lines

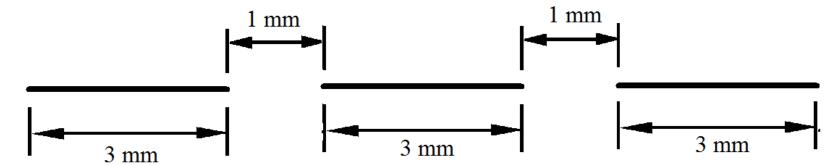
- Object Line: 100% thick
- Hidden Line: 50% thick
- Dimension, Extension Line: 25% thick
- Center Line: 50% thick
- Cutting Plane Line: 125% thick
- Hatchet line :25% thick

#### **Object Line**

Thickness: 100 %

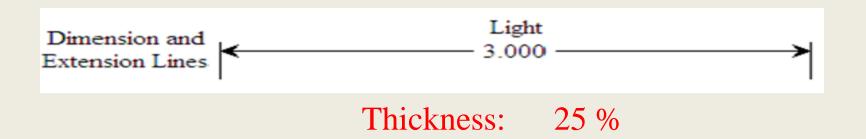
----- Hidden Line

Thickness: 50 %

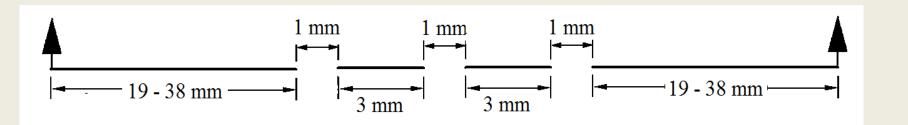


— - — Center Line

Thickness: 50 %

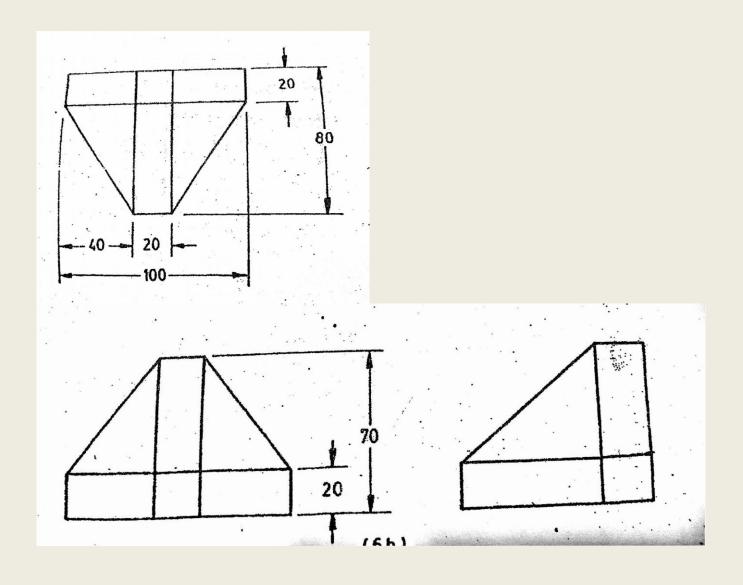




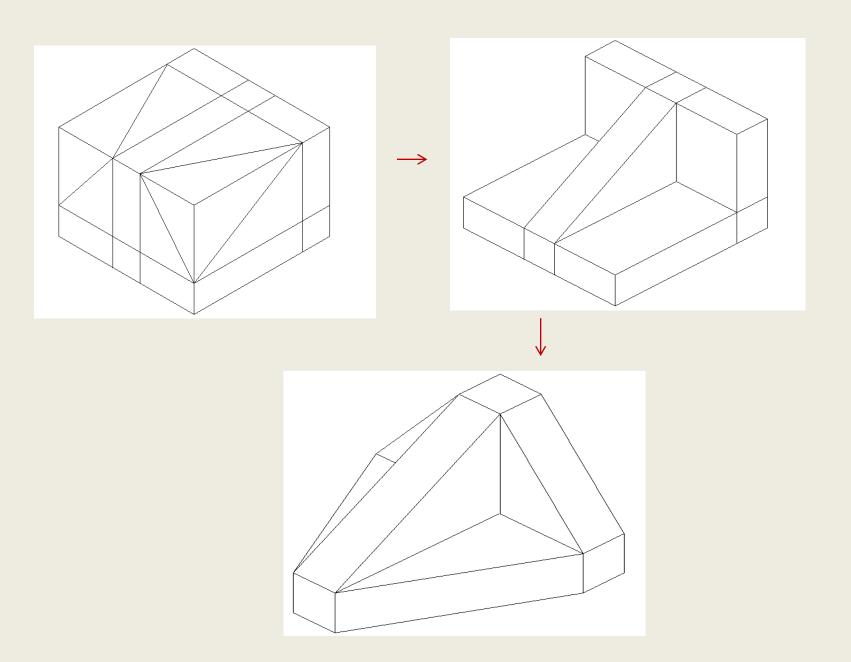


N.B.: All Percentages are with respect to the object line

### **First Problem**



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### **Persist Until Succeed !!!**